



Commit 2 Clean^{TM/MC}

Bloodborne Pathogens Awareness Program

Bloodborne Pathogens Quiz

NAME _____

DATE _____

1. If a disinfectant cleaner dries before its prescribed contact time, you will need to do what to ensure proper disinfection?

- a. Nothing
- b. Re-apply
- c. Use bleach
- d. All the above

2. The best method for wiping up small (minor) blood spills on a hard surface is:

- a. Spraying the spill with disinfectant, then wiping it up with an absorbent material
- b. Wiping it up with a dry cloth or absorbent towel
- c. Pre-cleaning the spill area, spraying with disinfectant cleaner, and allowing the disinfectant solution to dry
- d. Do nothing

3. When cleaning a major bloodborne spill on carpeting, what piece of equipment should you use?

- a. Floor machine
- b. Wet-dry vacuum
- c. Extractor
- d. All the above

4. If a spill includes broken glass, what should you do?

- a. Use extra towels/cloths to pick up the glass along with the contents of the spill
 - b. Use tongs to pick up the glass then pick up the contents of the spill
 - c. Use a wet/dry vac to pick up the glass and contents of the spill
 - d. None of the above
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True or False

- T F** When cleaning a bloodborne pathogen spill, you must first pre-clean the spill, dispose of the contaminated waste, and then follow by cleaning with fresh disinfectant cleaner.
- T F** Always wear safety glasses and gloves when cleaning a bloodborne pathogens spill.
- T F** Using too much of a disinfectant cleaner solution can be a problem like using too little.
- T F** All disinfectants kill c-diff.
- T F** You should always wash your hands after cleaning a spill involving blood or body fluids.
- T F** The custodian should make the decision on what type or specific disinfectant to use in the event of a blood spill.